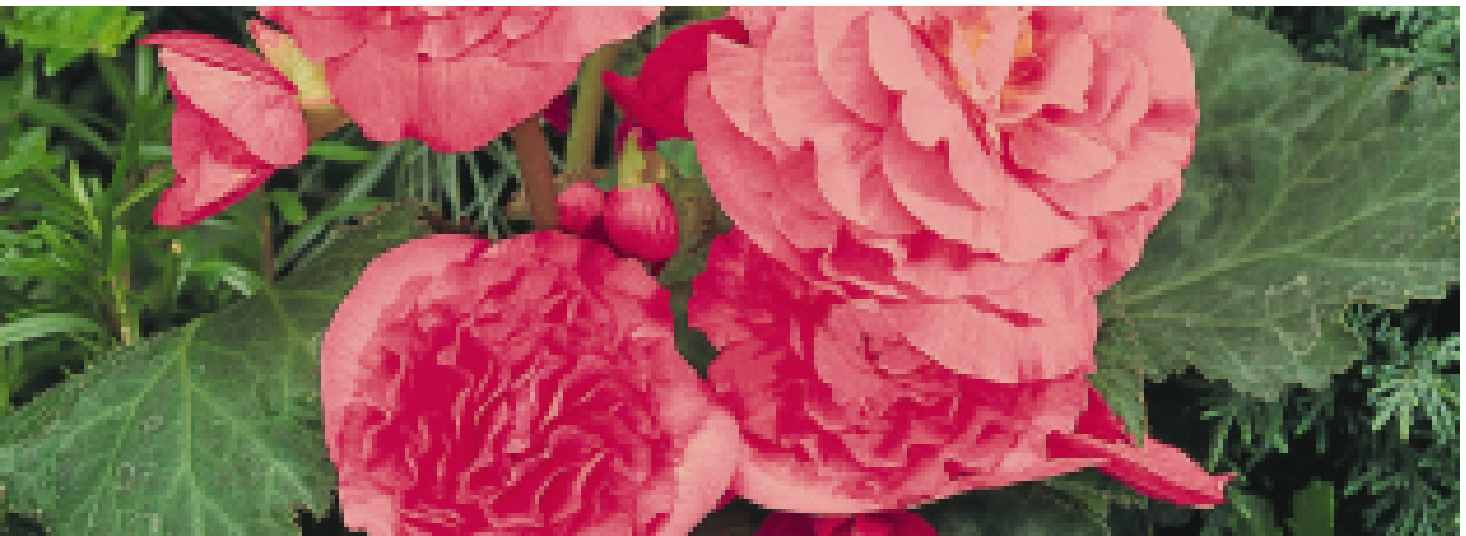


Begonia tuberhybrida F₁

Nonstop[®]

Pink

Item no.: BT0407P



The Industry Leader in Tuberous Begonias

- Early lateral branching for premium quality production
- Uniform in vigor, habit and flowering
- Large, fully double flowers up to 4" / 10 cm
- A full color range including bicolors

Technical Guide: [Click here](#)

All information in our technical guide is based on our own trials and would therefore be as guideline only. Detailed cultivation aspects vary depending on climate, location, time of year and environmental conditions. Benary expressly disclaims any responsibility for the content of such data/information and makes no representation or warranty for the cultivation of any products listed. It is recommended that growers conduct a trial of products under their own conditions.

Crop Time	Spring: 14 - 15 weeks
Height ∅	10 " / 25 cm
Width ∅	9 " / 23 cm
Exposure	Partial shade - Shade
Seed Form	Pelleted Seed
Best Uses	Bedding, Landscape, Pot Plant

CULTURE GUIDE

Begonia tuberhybrida F₁ Nonstop®

Usage

Annual, bedding, patio containers and landscape, hanging basket and window boxes, pot plants

Sow time

November for flowering pots from April onwards, December-January for flowering bedding plants from May onwards

Sowing method

1-2 seeds per plug

Germination

Germination will occur in 7-14 days at 75-78 °F (23-25 °C). Sow seed on a fine media with good water holding capacity and good drainage. Consistent moisture levels are important to uniform germination. Humidity levels above 95 % and a media pH between 5.5 and 6.5 are important. Do not cover seed as light is required to germinate. Supplemental 24-hour assimilation light provided at this stage will increase germination, reduce crop time and improve plug quality.

Growing on

Transplant plugs into finished containers with a well drained media, and pH of 5.5 to 6.5. Maintain day length in excess of 14 hours. Continued supplemental lighting will improve plant quality and shorten crop time. Growing temperatures between 68-72 °F (18-22 °C) optimize growth and flowering. Fertilize at 150-250 ppm nitrogen in a well-balanced formula.

Media

pH: Maintain media pH of 5.5-6.5 and EC: 0.5-0.75.

Temperature

Maintain temperatures of 70-74 °F (21-23 °C).

Fertilization

Moderate fertilization levels are required. Fertilize the crop alternating with 150-200 ppm nitrogen, using a complete and potassium balanced fertilizer (N: K₂O-ratio: 1:1,5). Keep low ammonium levels, otherwise the roots become damaged. At high nitrogen levels the foliage can become very big. Avoid pH above 6.0, as high pH causes iron deficiency. Apply chelated iron, if chlorosis becomes a problem. To prevent magnesium deficiency apply magnesium sulphate (0,025 %) 1-2 times. Additional foliage fertilization with potassium support compact plant growth and the foliage gets a dark green color. Avoid high salt levels in substrate. Avoid high fertilizer concentrations, it is advisable to fertilize several times with low concentrations weekly.

Stage I Starts with the radicle breaking through the testa. The roots are touching the medium. Ends with fully developed cotyledons.

Stage II Starts from fully developed cotyledons. Ends with the fully developed true leaf or true leaf pair.

Stage III Starts from the fully developed true leaf or true leaf pair and ends with 80% of the young plants being marketable.

Stage IV All young plants are ready for sale and in the process of being hardened off. This stage lasts about 7 days.

The cultural recommendations are based on results from trials conducted under Central European conditions. Different conditions in other parts of the world may lead to deviations in results achieved.

COLORS OF THE SERIES

Begonia tuberhybrida F₁ Nonstop®



Appleblossom
BT0408P



Deep Rose
BT0411P



Fire
BT0404P



Flame
BT0422P



Lemon
BT0417P



Orange
BT0401P



Peach Shades
BT0416P



Pink
BT0407P



Red
BT0413P



Rose Picotee
BT0410P



Salmon
BT0414P



Sunset
BT0406P



White
BT0412P



Yellow
BT0403P



Yellow Red Back
BT0405P



Mix
BT0499P