

Agastache cana



Heat and Drought Tolerant Perennial



- FastraX perennial: First year flowering without vernalization
- Attractive violet flowers attract beneficial insects
- Vigorous, bushy plant habit
- Perfectly suitable for landscape applications

Technical Guide: Click here

All information in our technical guide is based on our own trials and would therefore be as guideline only. Detailed cultivation aspects vary depending on climate, location, time of year and environmental conditions. Benary expressly disclaims any responsibility for the content of such data/information and makes no representation or warranty for the cultivation of any products listed. It is recommended that growers conduct a trial of products under their own conditions.

Crop Time	Spring: 12 - 14 weeks
Height ∅	30 " / 75 cm
Width Ø	20 " / 50 cm
Exposure	Sun
Seed Form	Raw Seed
Heat Zone	12-1
Hardiness Zone	5-9
Best Uses	Landscape



CULTURE GUIDE

Agastache cana Zuni

Usage

Pots, beds, mixed containers, landscape

Sow time

From January onwards

Sowing method

2-4 seeds per plug. Do not cover the seeds, light is required for germination.

Germination

Plug Culture: Optimum conditions for seedling development, beginning on the day of sowing until radicle emergence. Except radicle emergence 14 days.

Media

pH 5.5-6.2; EC 0.7-1.2. The media should be well-drained and plants should be provided with consistent moisture during production, while avoiding overwatering.

Temperature

20°C (68°F) until radicle emergence. The temperature can be lowered approximately on day 21 to 16-18°C (60-64°F). After transplanting, an average daily temperature of 12°C (54°F) will work well. Never go below 3°C (38°F). These low temperatures extend the overall crop time, but encourage basal branching and compactness for a higher quality plant.

Fertilization

Agastache is a light to moderate feeder and do well with 75-100 ppm nitrogen applied on a constant basis.

Stage I Starts with the radicle breaking through the testa. The roots are touching the medium. Ends with fully developed cotyledons. Stage II Starts from fully developed cotyledons. Ends with the fully developed true leaf or true leaf pair.

Stage III Starts from the fully developed true leaf or true leaf pair and ends with 80% of the young plants being marketable.

Stage IV All young plants are ready for sale and in the process of being hardened off. This stage lasts about 7 days.

The cultural recommendations are based on results from trials conducted under Central European conditions. Different conditions in other parts of the world may lead to deviations in results achieved.



COLORS OF THE SERIES

Agastache cana Zuni

